

IonPhase® IPE® PE 0108M FCC is a dissipative polymer masterbatch. This masterbatch containing Ionomer PolyElectrolyte (IPE) is designed to be used with polyethylene in general extrusion applications.

Benefits

- lowers the surface resistance (ohms)
- improves the non-charging properties
- reduces charge decay time
- easy to process because of ionomer structure
- very thin co-extrusion layers are possible
- FCC compliant, 2002/72/EC

Properties	IonPhase® IPE® PE 0108M FCC	Standard
Melting range starts at °C	74	ISO 11357
Melting range ends at °C	163	
Density	1.13	ISO 1183
MFI (190°C/2.16kg)	5 g/10 min	ISO 1133
Volume resistivity	1 x 10 ⁶ Ωm	IonPhase method
Surface resistance*	1 x 10 ¹⁰ Ω	IEC61340-2-3

* 30% IPE PE0108M FCC mixed with 70% Borealis FA5223, multilayer film

Note! Since it is known that there is some host polymer and process method dependency, the desired surface resistance can be obtained by varying the loading of the host polymer (polyethylene).

Processing

IonPhase® IPE® PE 0108M FCC is normally processed at melt temperatures ranging from 180°- 250°C. Actual processing temperatures will usually be determined by either the specific equipment or substrate or one of the other polymers in a co-extrusion. Barrier type screw with good mixing properties is recommended for good homogeneity of the polymer. Stainless steels and/or nitration, duplex chrome or nickel plating are recommended for screws, barrels, dies and adapters. Low MFI polyethylene is recommended for purging after using IonPhase® IPE® PE 0108M FCC.

Drying

Due to hydrophilic nature of the material, it should be dried before use. Our recommendation is to use dry air dryer (dew point < - 40°C) for 3 hours at 80°C. Moisture level should be below 0.04% after drying. If the masterbatch is not dried, surface defects and process related problems may occur.

Safety

Polymer resins as supplied by IonPhase Oy are not considered hazardous materials. As with any hot material, care should be taken to protect the hands and other exposed parts of the body when handling molten polymer. At recommended processing temperatures, small amounts of fumes may evolve from the resins. When resins are overheated, more extensive decomposition may occur. Adequate ventilation should be provided to remove the fumes from the work area. Disposal of scrap presents no special problems and can be by landfill or incineration in a properly operated incinerator. Disposal should comply with local, state and federal regulations. Resin pellets can be a slipping hazard. Loose pellets should be swept up promptly to prevent falls.

Disclaimer

The information contained herein is to IonPhase's knowledge accurate and reliable as of the date of publication. It is the customer's responsibility to inspect and test the product and its suitability for customer's particular purpose. The customer is also responsible for the appropriate, safe and legal use, processing and handling of the products. Customer acknowledges that IonPhase has no control over and is not responsible for the manner in which the products are used or otherwise dealt with by customer or any subsequent purchaser or user.